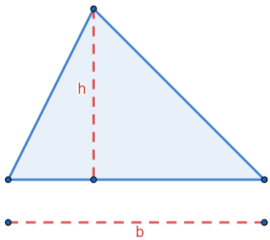
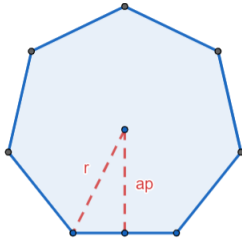
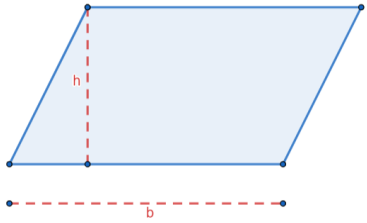
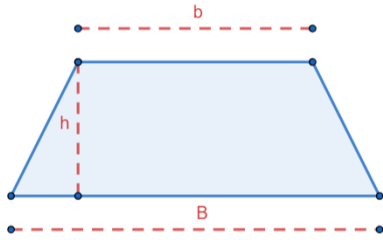
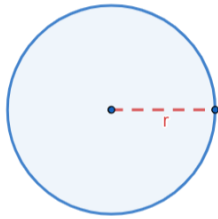
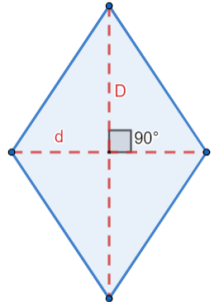




Geometría Plana: Fórmulas de las principales áreas.

Triángulo: 	$\text{Área} = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$ b = base h = altura	Polígono regular: 	$\text{Área} = \frac{P \cdot ap}{2}$ P = perímetro ap = apotema
Paralelogramo: 	$\text{Área} = b \cdot h$ b = base h = altura	Trapecio: 	$\text{Área} = \frac{(B + b) \cdot h}{2}$ B = base mayor b = base menor
Círculo/circunferencia: 	$\text{Área} = \pi \cdot r^2$ $\text{Perímetro} = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r$ r = radio	Rombo: 	$\text{Área} = \frac{D \cdot d}{2}$ D = diagonal mayor d = diagonal menor

